

DISCLAIMER

Ich übernehme keine Haftung über mögliche Fehler in den Notizen. Es hat sicherlich ein paar drinnen.

Fehler können per Mail an jirruh@ethz.ch gemeldet werden.

Serie 1

Aufgabe 1

a) i) $6 + 6i$ ii) $-10 + i$ iii) $3 - 39i$

iv) $\frac{(12+3i)}{(12+6i)} = \frac{(12+3i)(12-6i)}{144+36} = \frac{162-36i}{180}$

b) i) $-i \Rightarrow 1(\cos(-\frac{\pi}{2}) + i \sin(-\frac{\pi}{2})) \quad |z| = \sqrt{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$1-i \Rightarrow \sqrt{2}(\cos(\frac{\pi}{4}) + i \sin(-\frac{\pi}{4})) \quad \arg(z) = \left(-\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = -\frac{\pi}{4}$

$$\Rightarrow z = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} (\cos(-\frac{\pi}{4}) + i \sin(-\frac{\pi}{4}))$$

ii) $1 - 2 - 2i \Rightarrow \sqrt{8}(\cos(-\frac{5\pi}{4}) + i \sin(-\frac{5\pi}{4})) \quad |z| = \sqrt{8}/2$

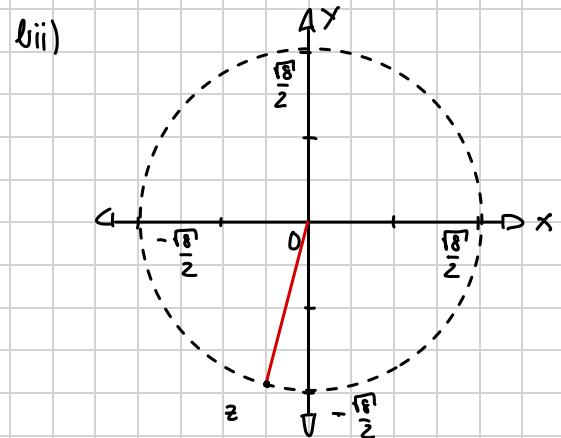
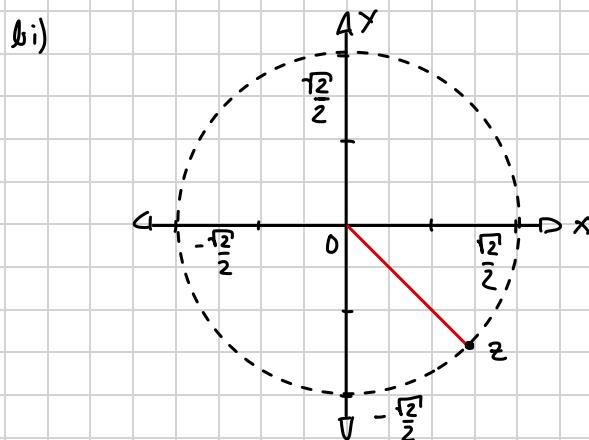
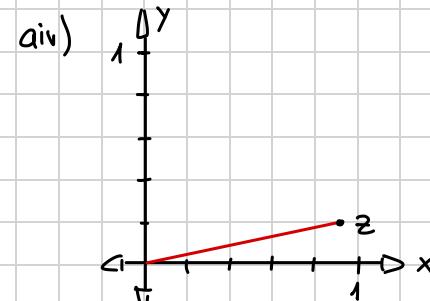
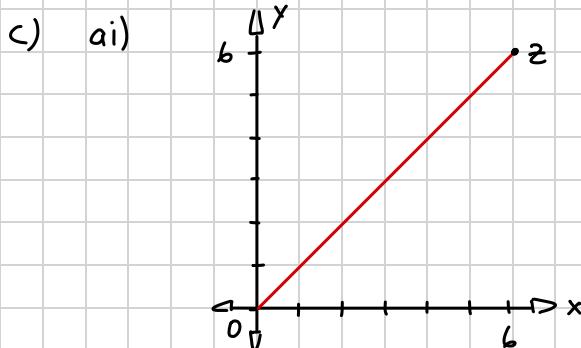
$1 + \sqrt{3}i \Rightarrow 2(\cos(\frac{\pi}{3}) + i \sin(\frac{\pi}{3})) \quad \arg(z) = (-\frac{5\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{3}) = -\frac{15\pi}{12} - \frac{4\pi}{12}$

$$\Rightarrow z = \frac{\sqrt{8}}{2} (\cos(\frac{11\pi}{12}) + i \sin(\frac{11\pi}{12}))$$

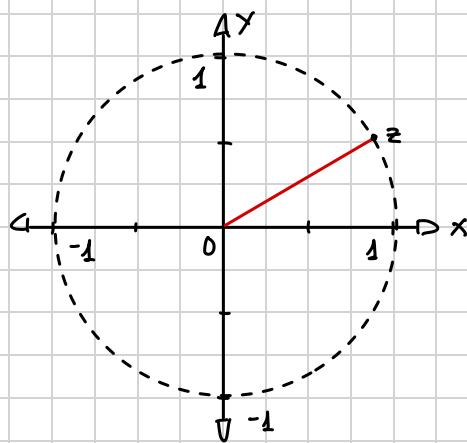
iii) $1 + \sqrt{3}i \Rightarrow 2(\cos(\frac{\pi}{3}) + i \sin(\frac{\pi}{3})) \quad |z| = 1$

$\sqrt{3} + i \Rightarrow z(\cos(\frac{\pi}{6}) + i \sin(\frac{\pi}{6})) \quad \arg(z) = (\frac{\pi}{3} - \frac{\pi}{6}) = \frac{\pi}{6}$

$$z = 1(\cos(\frac{\pi}{6}) + i \sin(\frac{\pi}{6}))$$

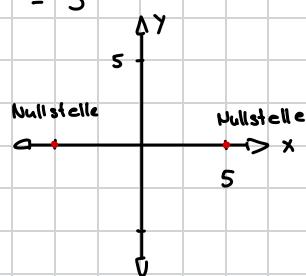


iii)



Aufgabe 2

$$i) \quad z = \pm 5$$



$$iii) \quad z^3 + z^2 - 2 : z - 1 = z^2 + 2z + 2$$

$$\frac{z^3 - z^2}{2z^2}$$

$$\cancel{2z^2 - 2z}$$

$$\cancel{2z - 2}$$

$$\cancel{2z - 2}$$

$$ii) \quad z^2 - 2z + 2 \stackrel{!}{=} 0$$

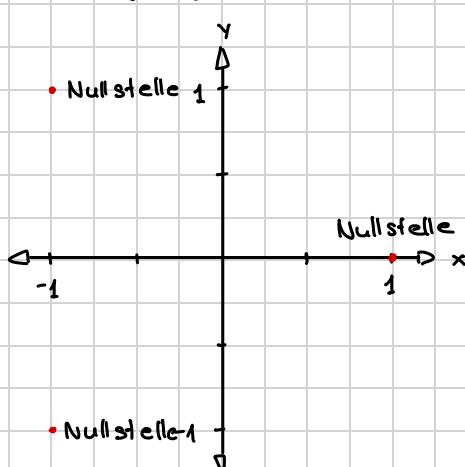
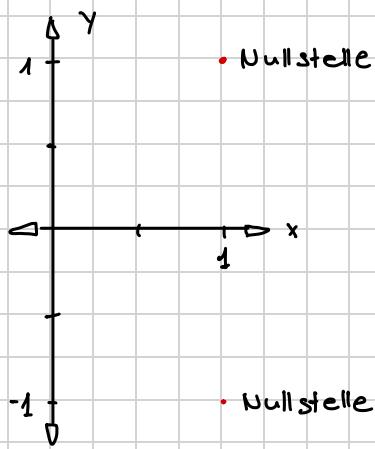
$$z_1 = 1$$

$$z_{1,2} = 1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 2}$$

$$z^2 + 2z + 2 \stackrel{!}{=} 0$$

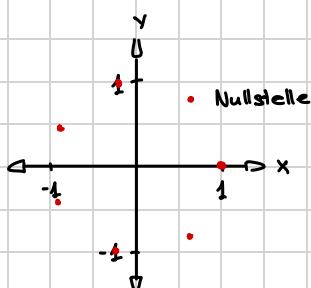
$$= 1 \pm i$$

$$z_{2,3} = -1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 2}$$



$$iv) \quad z = 1 (\cos(\varphi) + i \cdot \sin(\varphi))$$

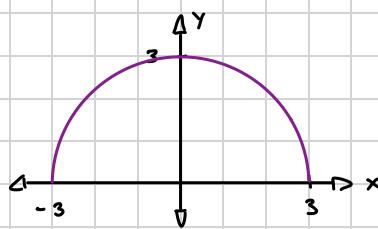
$$\varphi = 2\pi n \Rightarrow \varphi = \frac{2\pi n}{7}$$



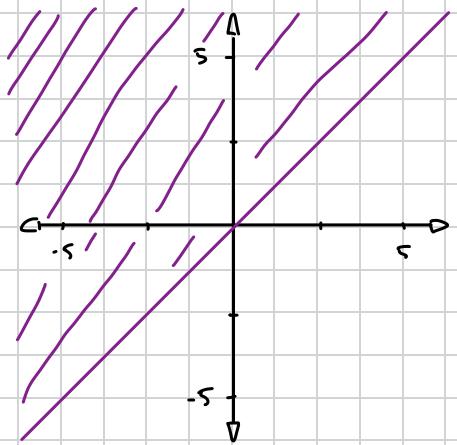
Serie 2

Aufgabe 1

$$\text{i) } M = \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid |z| = 3, \operatorname{Im}(z) \geq 0\}$$



$$\text{iii) } M = \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid \operatorname{Im}(z) \geq \operatorname{Re}(z)\}$$



$$\text{ii) } M = \left\{ z \in \mathbb{C} \mid \frac{|z+2-2i|}{|z+i|} = 2 \right\}$$

$$= \left\{ z \in \mathbb{C} \mid \frac{|x+2+i(y-2)|}{|x+i(y+1)|} = 2 \right\}$$

$$(|x+2+i(y-2)|^2 = (2|x+i(y+1)|)^2)$$

$$(x+2)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 4(x^2 + (y+1)^2)$$

$$x^2 + 4x + 4 + y^2 - 4y + 4 = 4x^2 + 4y^2 + 8y + 4$$

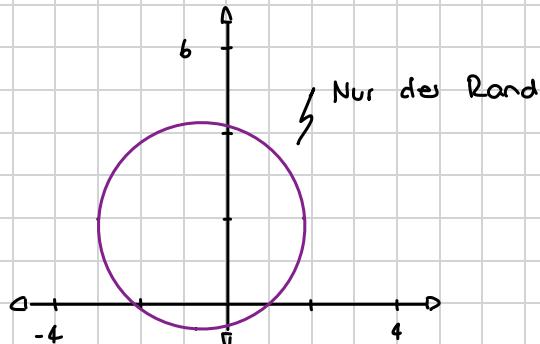
$$-3x^2 + 4x + 4 = 3y^2 + 12y$$

$$3x^2 - 4x + 3y^2 + 12y = 4$$

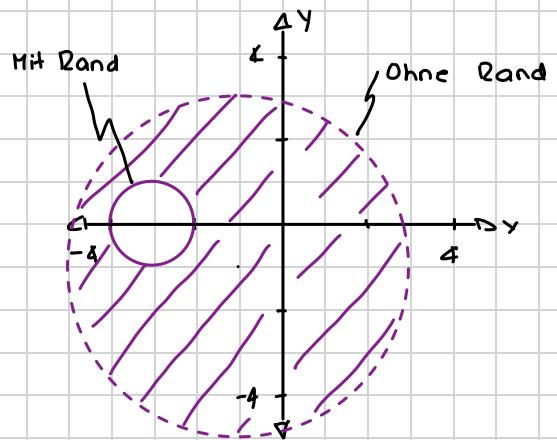
$$x^2 - \frac{4}{3}x + y^2 + 4y = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$(x - \frac{2}{3})^2 + (y + 2)^2 = \frac{52}{9}$$

$$M = \left\{ z \in \mathbb{C} \mid \left| z - \frac{2}{3} - 2i \right| = \frac{2\sqrt{13}}{3} \right\}$$



$$\text{iv) } M = \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid |z-3| \geq 1 \text{ und } |z-1-i| < 4\}$$



DISCLAIMER

Die Notizen zu den Stack Aufgaben sind auf meine Werte angepasst. Die Werte können von deinen Aufgaben abweichen.

Serie 1

Frage 1

$$(8-i)(5i+3) = 40i + 24 + 5 - 3i = 37i + 29$$

$$i(5i+3) = -5 + 3i$$

$$\bar{w} = -5i + 3$$

$$\frac{8-i}{5i+3} = \frac{(8-i)(5i-3)}{-34} = \frac{40i - 24 + 5 + 3i}{-34} = -\frac{43i}{34} + \frac{19}{34}$$

$$|z| = \sqrt{8^2 + 1^2} = \sqrt{65}$$

Frage 2

$$\cos(-\frac{\pi}{4}) > 0 ; \cos(\frac{\pi}{4}) > 0 \Rightarrow \operatorname{Re}(z) > 0$$

$$\sin(-\frac{\pi}{4}) < 0 ; \sin(\frac{\pi}{4}) > 0 \Rightarrow \operatorname{Im}(z) > 0 < 0$$

Frage 3

$$(4+2i)(4+2i) = 16 + 8i + 8i - 4 = 12 + 16i$$

$$(12+16i)(4+2i) = 48 + 24i + 64i - 32 = 16 + 80i$$

Bemerkung: Teilweise ist es einfacher potenzierte komplexe Gleichungen
in Polarform zu berechnen.

Serie 2

Die Streckaufgaben für Serie 2 waren sehr einfach.
Bei Fragen kann man mich kontaktieren.

Me